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### **ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT** FORM X-17A-5 **PART III**

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OMB APPROVAL	
OMB Number:	3235-0123
Expires: February 28, 2010	
Estimated average burden	
hours per response 12.00	

SEC FILE NUMBER 8 -53569

#### **FACING PAGE** Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	1/1/2007	AND ENDING	12/3/1/2007
NET ONLI TON THE PERSON SECTION	MM/DD/YY	<del></del>	MM/DD/YY
	A. REGISTRANT IDE	NTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			
Eureka Capital Markets, LLC			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
			FIRM ID: NO:
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE	SS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		
610 Newport Center Drive			
	(No. and Street	)	
Newport Beach	CA		92660
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
THE RESERVE OF THE RE	ON TO CONTACT IN DECADIN	דק רעזים פועד היד	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERS	ON TO CONTACT IN REGARD	10 lers keroki	040 740 0000
Jacques A. Perrone			949-719-2262 (Area Code - Telephone No.)
			(Area Code — Telephole No.)
	B. ACCOUNTANT IDE	NTIFICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whos	e opinion is contained in this Repo	ort*	
	,		
J.H. Cohn LLP	(Name - if individual, state last,	G_t_iddle_vc_e)	
	,		10036
1212 Avenue of the Americas	New York (City)	NY (State) ,=	(Zin Code)
(Address)	(ON)	()	ROCESSED
CHECK ONE:			
Public Accountant			MAR 2 0 2008 F
Accountant not resident in United St	ates or any of its possessions		
			THOMSON
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ON	ILY	*INANCIAL
•			
			nondere public accountant
*Claims for exemption from the requirement that	the annual report be covered by the	ie opinion oj an inaej	vermera passic accountant See section 240 17a-5(e)(2).
must be supported by a statement of facts and ci-	rcumstances relied on as the basis	jor ine exemption. S	ee section 240.1/0-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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Washington, DC 100



#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I.	Jacques A. Perrone , swear (or affirm) that, to	) the
bes	of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of	
	Eureka Capital Markets, LLC	
	December 31 20 07 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company	
nor	ny partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of	
	tomer, except as follows:	
-		_
		_
	Signature	<del></del>
	Executive Director	
	Title	
	1 /M// ZVX //	
_	Norm Phylo	
	NO. TO A PARTY OF THE PARTY OF	
	CHERM L. KELLY Commission # 1660832	
	Notary Public - California	
Th	report** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
x	a) Facing page. My Comm. Expires Apr 26, 2010	
$\boxtimes$	b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
	c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
M	d) Statement of Cash Flows	
N N N	e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.	
H	f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.	
H	· •	
区区	(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
띧	(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.	
X	(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.	
	(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the	
	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.	
	(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con-	
L	solidation.	
$\square$	(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
ñ	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
H	(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.	
u	(1) 1) 14401 4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

## Eureka Capital Markets, LLC (A Limited Liability Company)

Report on Financial Statements (With Supplementary Information)

Year Ended December 31, 2007

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## <u>Index</u>

## Facing Page

	<u>Page</u>
Report of Independent Public Accountants	2
Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2007	3
Statement of Income Year Ended December 31, 2007	4
Statement of Changes in Member's Equity Year Ended December 31, 2007	5
Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2007	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7-9
Supplemental Schedules Required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:	
I - Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 December 31, 2007	10
<ul> <li>II - Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements</li> <li>Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission</li> <li>December 31, 2007</li> </ul>	11
III - Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission December 31, 2007	12
Report of Independent Public Accountants on Internal Control Required by Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 17a-5	13-14

#### Report of Independent Public Accountants

To the Member Eureka Capital Markets, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Eureka Capital Markets, LLC (a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Eureka Capital Partners, LLC and a Limited Liability Company) as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Eureka Capital Markets, LLC as of December 31, 2007, and its results of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

New York, New York February 26, 2008

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2007

#### **ASSETS**

Cash and cash equivalents Other assets Due from Parent	<b>\$</b>	496,861 2,509 30,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	529,370
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY		
Liabilities: Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$	7,095
Member's equity		522,275
Total	_\$_	529,370

#### STATEMENT OF INCOME YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Revenue:	_	
Fee income	\$	3,796,508
Interest Income		8,983
Other income		35,000
Total revenue		3,840,491
Expenses:		0.40.000
Commissions		649,099
Rent		86,457
Regulatory fees		20,638
Professional fees		51,218
Marketing		190,367
Telephone		18,9 <del>44</del>
Travel and entertainment		36,735
Office		35,743
Consulting		925,786
Other		43,451
Total expenses		2,058,438
Income before income taxes		1,782,053
Provision for income taxes		10,507
Net Income		1,771,546

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Balance, beginning of year	\$ 830,993
Net income	1,771,546
Contributions	195,000
Distributions	(2,275,264)
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 522,275</u>

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Operating activities: Net income	\$ 1,771,546
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	
provided by operating activities: Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Other assets Due to/from parent Accounts payable and accrued expenses Net cash provided by operating activities	(2,509) (60,562) 7,095 1,715,570
Financing activities:	
Contributions	195,000
Distributions	(2,275,264)
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,080,264)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(364,694)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	861,555
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 496,861</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1 - Business and summary of significant accounting policies: Business:

Eureka Capital Markets, LLC (the "Company") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Eureka Capital Partners, LLC ("ECP") (the "Parent"). The Company was organized on February 8, 2001 as a Delaware limited liability company and is registered to do business in California as a foreign limited liability company. The Company is a registered broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"), successor to the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. The operating agreement provides for the limited liability company to exist in perpetuity. There is only one class of member. The individual member's liability is limited to capital contributed. The Company renders financial advisory services to selected clients with respect to merger and acquisition ("M&A") transactions, business restructurings and other financial services.

The Company operates under the provisions of paragraph (k)(2)(i) of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 which provides that the Company carries no margin accounts, promptly transmits all customer funds and delivers all securities received in connection with the Company's activities as a broker or dealer, and does not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared from the separate records maintained by the Company and, due to certain transactions and agreements with affiliated entities, may not necessarily be indicative of the financial condition that would have existed or the results that would have been obtained from operations had the Company operated as an unaffiliated entity.

#### Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash equivalents:

The Company considers all demand and time deposits with maturities of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

#### Revenue recognition:

Revenues are recognized when earned and arise from financial advisory services provided by the Company to its clients. The Company bills for its services in three ways. First, revenues arise from work based upon hourly rates, second from retainer payments, and third from success fees based upon results experienced by the client.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1 - Business and summary of significant accounting policies (concluded):

Allowance for doubtful accounts:

The Company assesses the financial strength of its customers. Periodically, the Company evaluates its accounts receivable and provides for an allowance for doubtful accounts equal to the estimated uncollectible accounts. The Company's estimate is based on a review of the current status of the individual accounts receivable. It is reasonably possible that the Company's estimate of the provision for doubtful accounts will change.

#### Income taxes:

The accompanying financial statements do not contain a provision for Federal and state income taxes since the Company's net income or loss is included in the Federal and state income tax returns of its member, ECP.

For New York City Unincorporated Business Tax ("UBT") purposes, the Company is included in the consolidated UBT tax return that is filed by ECP. Pursuant to a tax-sharing policy, UBT for the Company, which is subject to an apportionment formula, is determined on the basis of its separate taxable income.

The Company accounts for UBT pursuant to the asset and liability method which requires deferred income tax assets and liabilities to be computed for temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the temporary differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. A deferred tax provision and the related deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded by the Company based upon the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences generated as a result of its own operations. There were no material deferred tax assets or liabilities at December 31, 2007.

#### Marketing:

Marketing costs are expensed as incurred. Marketing expense totaled \$190,367 for the year ended December 31, 2007.

#### Note 2 - Related party transactions:

A significant amount of the Company's operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2007 were paid by ECP. The Company and ECP have an expense sharing agreement as they utilize common services and facilities. The expense sharing agreement provides for the Company to reimburse ECP \$40,000 per month for operating expenses relating to its broker-dealer activities. The Company's share of these expenses is approximately 40% of total costs for compensation (recorded as consulting), marketing, technology, telephone, travel and entertainment, accounting tax, office supplies, rent and subscriptions. All regulatory and legal costs related to its broker-dealer activities are paid directly by the Company. In September 2007, the monthly management fee the Company paid to ECP was increased from \$40,000 to \$65,000 and the Company's estimated share of ECP expenses was raised from 40% to 50%. This was driven by a higher level of deal activity and a corresponding increase in resources and operating expenses.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 2 - Related party transactions (concluded):

The Company shares office space with ECP. ECP has allocated rent expense of \$86,457 to the Company for the year ended December 31, 2007.

#### Note 3 - Commission payable:

Commissions are due and payable only when the accounts receivable have been collected by the Company. At December 31, 2007, there were no commissions payable.

#### Note 4 - Concentrations of credit risk:

The Company had revenue concentrations with three clients representing 92% of revenues for the year ended December 31, 2007.

The Company maintains cash and cash equivalent deposits with banks. At times, such deposits exceed applicable insurance limits. The Company reduces its exposure to credit risk by maintaining such deposits with major financial institutions and monitoring their credit ratings.

#### Note 5 - Net capital requirement:

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash distributions paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$489,766, which was \$484,766 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .014 to 1.

## SCHEDULE I - COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2007

Net capital:		
Total members' equity	\$	522,275
Deduct nonallowable assets and charges:		
Other assets		2,509
Due from Parent		30,000
New comited	¢	489,766
Net capital	<u>Ψ</u>	400,700
Aggregate indebtedness:		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		7,095
Accided expenses and other liabilities		
Aggregate indebtedness	\$	7,095
	<del></del>	
Compuation of basic net capital requirement:		
Net capital requirement (minimum)	_\$_	5,000
	<del></del>	
Excess of net capital	<u>\$</u>	484,766
	_	100.050
Excess net capital at 1,000%	<u>\$</u>	489,056
		.014 to 1
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	-	.014101

No material discrepancies exist between the above computation and the computation included in the Company's corresponding amended unaudited Form X-17A-5 Part IIA filing.

## SCHEDULE II - COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2007

The Company is exempt from the provision of Rule 15c3-3 as of December 31, 2007 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(i).

# SCHEDULE III - INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2007

The Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The Company is exempt from the provision of Rule 15c3-3 as of December 31, 2007 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(i).

#### Report of Independent Public Accountant on Internal Control

To the Member Eureka Capital Markets, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Eureka Capital Markets, LLC (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11), and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures as described in the second paragraph of this report were adequate at December 31, 2007 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the member of Eureka Capital Markets, LLC, management, the SEC, The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

New York, New York February 26, 2008

H. Cohn LLP

